

APPENDIX H

METHOD 6 CHECKLIST TO BE USED BY AUDITORS

YES	NO	COMMENT	OPERATION PRESAMPLING PREPARATION
			1. Knowledge of process conditions
			Calibration of pertinent equipment, in particular, the dry gas meter and rotameter, prior to each field test.
			ON-SITE MEASUREMENTS
			3. Leak-testing of sampling train after sample run
			Preparation of absorbing solution and its addition to bubblers and impingers
			5. Constant sampling
			Purging of the sampling train and rinsing of the impingers and connecting tubes to recover the sample
			 Recording of pertinent process condition during sample collection
			8. Maintaining the probe at a given temperature
			POST SAMPLING
			9. Control sample analysis – accuracy and precision
			10. Sample aliquotting techniques
			11. Titration technique, particularly endpoint precision
			12. Use of detection blanks in correcting field sample results
			13. Calculation procedure/check
			14. Calibration checks
			15. Standardized barium perchlorate solution

GENERAL COMMENTS

METHOD 5 CHECKLIST TO BE USED BY AUDITORS

YES	NO	OPERATION		
		EQUIPMENT PREPARATION AND CHECK		
		Sampling train assembled and leak checked.		
	·	Probe and filter box heaters checked and set for proper temperatures.		
		Stack gas temperature measuring system assembled and checked for proper operation by comparing to a mercury in glass thermometer.		
		Stack gas velocity measuring system assembled and checked for proper operation.		
		Orsat analyzer assembled and checked.		
		PRELIMINARY MEASUREMENTS		
		6. Selection of traverse points according to Method 1.		
		7. Moisture content by Method 4, or equivalent.		
		8. Molecular weight by Method 3, or equivalent.		
		9. Measurement of stack dimensions.		
<u> </u>		10. Mark probe for sampling at traverse points.		
		SAMPLE COLLECTION		
		11. Equal sampling time at each traverse point.		
		12. Probe temperature satisfactory throughout the test.		
		13. Filter box temperature 120 ± 14°C (248 ± 25°F) through the test.		
		14. Sample gas temperature at last impinger ≈20°C (68°F) throughout the test.		
		Isokinetic sampling checked and adjusted if necessary at least every 5 minutes.		
		16. Leak check of sampling train at end of test.		
		SAMPLE RECOVERY		
		Satisfactory handling and movement of probe and filter to sample recovery area.		
		18. Recovery area satisfactory (i.e., space, cleanliness, etc.)		

METHOD 5 CHECKLIST TO BE USED BY AUDITORS (continued)

YES	NO	OPERATION					
		19. Sample recovery procedure adequate.					
		20. Proper labeling of sample containers.					
		21. Determination of moisture content procedure adequate.					
		ANALYSIS					
		22. Proper equilibration of (1) filter, (2) probe wash residue, and (3) acetone blank residue.					
		23. Correct collected particulates for acetone blank.					
		24. Analytical balance checked before weighings.					
		DOCUMENTATION					
		25. All information recorded on data sheet as obtained.					
		26. All unusual conditions recorded.					
		COMMENTS					

METHOD 7 CHECKLIST TO BE USED BY AUDITORS

NO	OPERATION		
	PRESAMPLING PREPARATION		
	Information concerning combustion effluents which may act as interferents		
	2. Plant operation parameters variation		
	Calibration of the flask and valve volume three determinations		
	Absorbing reagent preparation		
	ON-SITE MEASUREMENTS		
	5. Leak-testing and sampling train		
	6. Preparation and pipetting of absorbing solution into sampling flask		
	POST SAMPLING (ANALYSIS AND CALCULATION)		
	7. Control sample analysis		
	8. Sample aliquotting technique		
	Evaporation and chemical treatment of sample		
	10. Spectrophotometric technique		
	 a. preparation of standard nitrate samples b. measurement of absorbance, including blanks c. calibration factor d. wavelength and absorbance, including blanks 		
	11. Calculation procedure and checks		
	a. use of computer program b. independent check of calculations		
	COMMENTS		

METHOD 8 CHECKLIST TO BE USED BY AUDITORS

YES	NO	COMMENT	OPERATION PRESAMPLING PREPARATION	
			Knowledge of process conditions	
			Calibration of pertinent equipment, in particular, dry gas meter, prior to each field test.	the
			ON-SITE MEASUREMENTS	
			3. Leak-testing of sampling train after sample run	
			 Preparation and addition of absorbing solutions impingers 	to
			5. Isokinetic sampling	
			Purging of the sampling train and rinsing of the impingers and connecting tubes to recover the s	sample
			7. Recording of pertinent process condition during sample collection	
			8. Maintaining the probe at a given temperature	
			POST SAMPLING	
			9. Control sample analysis – accuracy and precision	on
			10. Sample aliquotting techniques	
			11. Titration technique, particularly endpoint precision	on
			12. Use of detection blanks in correcting field sampl results	е
			13. Calculation procedure/check	
			14. Calibration checks	
			15. Standardized barium perchlorate solution	

GENERAL COMMENTS